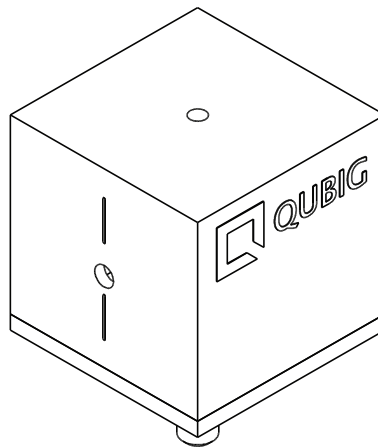


Test Data Sheet

PM7 - NIR
(EO-F20L3-NIR)

S/N:

Resonant electro-optic phase modulator



RF properties	Value	Unit
Resonance frequency: f_0 ¹⁾	19.5	MHz
Preset frequency: f_{set} ¹⁾	19.5	MHz
Bandwidth: $\Delta\nu$	256	kHz
Quality factor: Q	76	
Required RF power for 1 rad @ 780nm ²⁾	12.6	dBm
max. RF power: RF_{max} ³⁾	1	W

Optical properties		
EO crystal	LN	
Aperture	3x3	mm ²
Wavefront distortion (633nm)	$\lambda/6$	nm
recommended optical intensity (1228nm)	<1	W/mm ²
AR coating (R<0.5%)	630 - 1070	nm

¹⁾ at 24.3°C ²⁾ with 50 Ω termination ³⁾ no damage with $RF_{in} < 2W$

Fig. 1: Oscilloscope trace

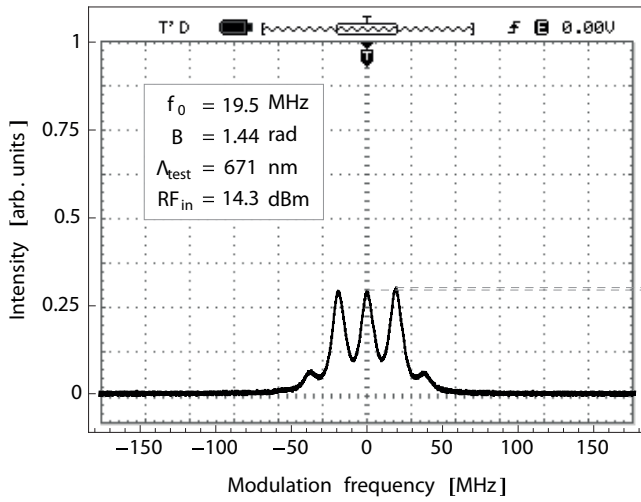


Fig. 2: Carrier /sideband ratio

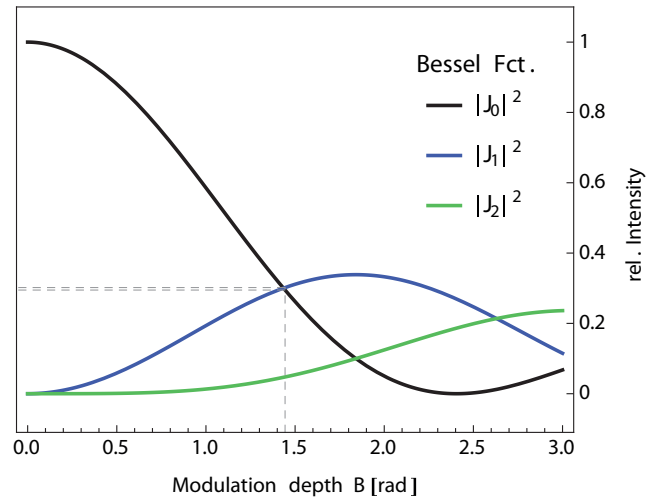


Table 1: Expected modulation

B = 1 rad	unit	Λ_1	Λ_2
Λ	nm	671	780
P	dBm	11.1	12.6
P	mW	13	18
U	V _p	1.1	1.4
U _π	V _p	3.6	4.2
B/U	rad / V	0.88	0.74

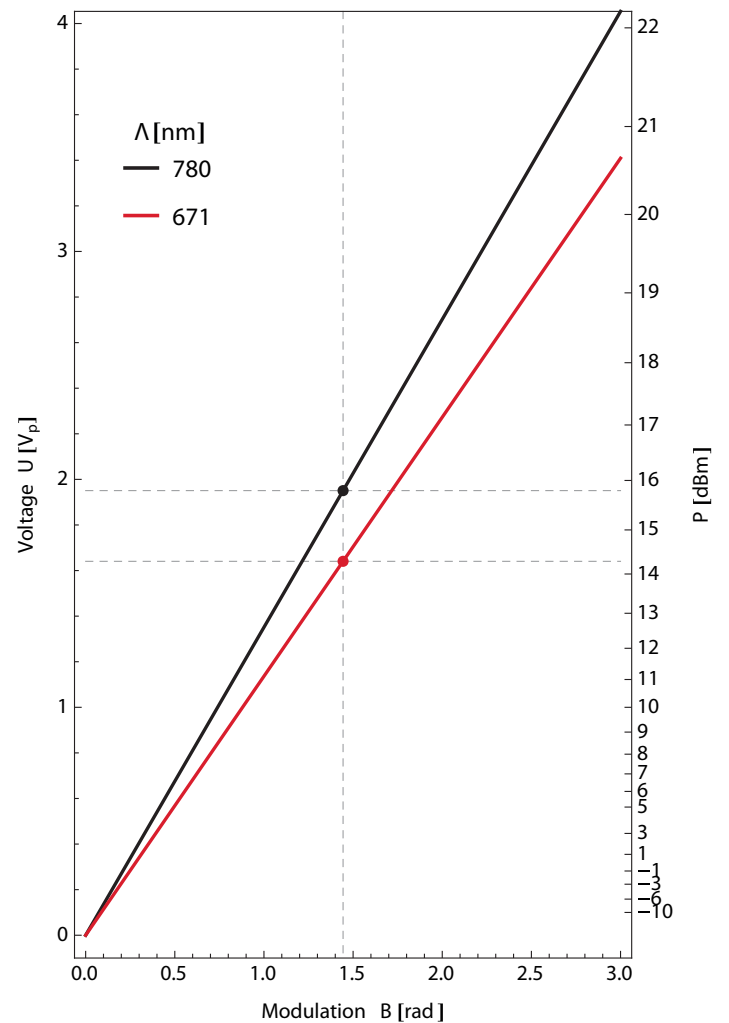


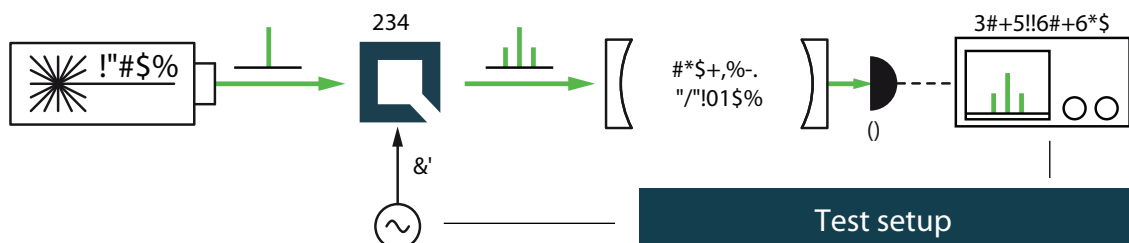
Fig.1: Recorded oscilloscope trace retrieved from a test setup as illustrated below.

Fig.2: Squared absolute values of first-kind Bessel functions vs. modulation depth. Vertical lines reveal the ratio between the carrier $|J_0|^2$ and the i^{th} sideband $|J_i|^2$ at a specific B .

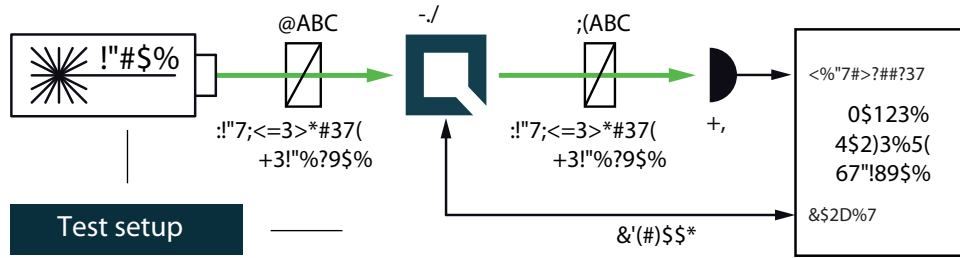
Fig.3: Dependency between RF amplitude and modulation depth for different wavelengths. Points on the curve allow to retrieve either the required RF amplitude for a specific/desired B or the max. achievable modulation depth for a given/available RF power.

Table 1: Expected RF-amplitude/-power values and conversion factors for the required wavelength at the reference modulation depth of 1 rad. Note: Experimentally recorded modulation depth displayed in Fig.1 might vary from the respective values ($B=1$ rad) provided in the table.

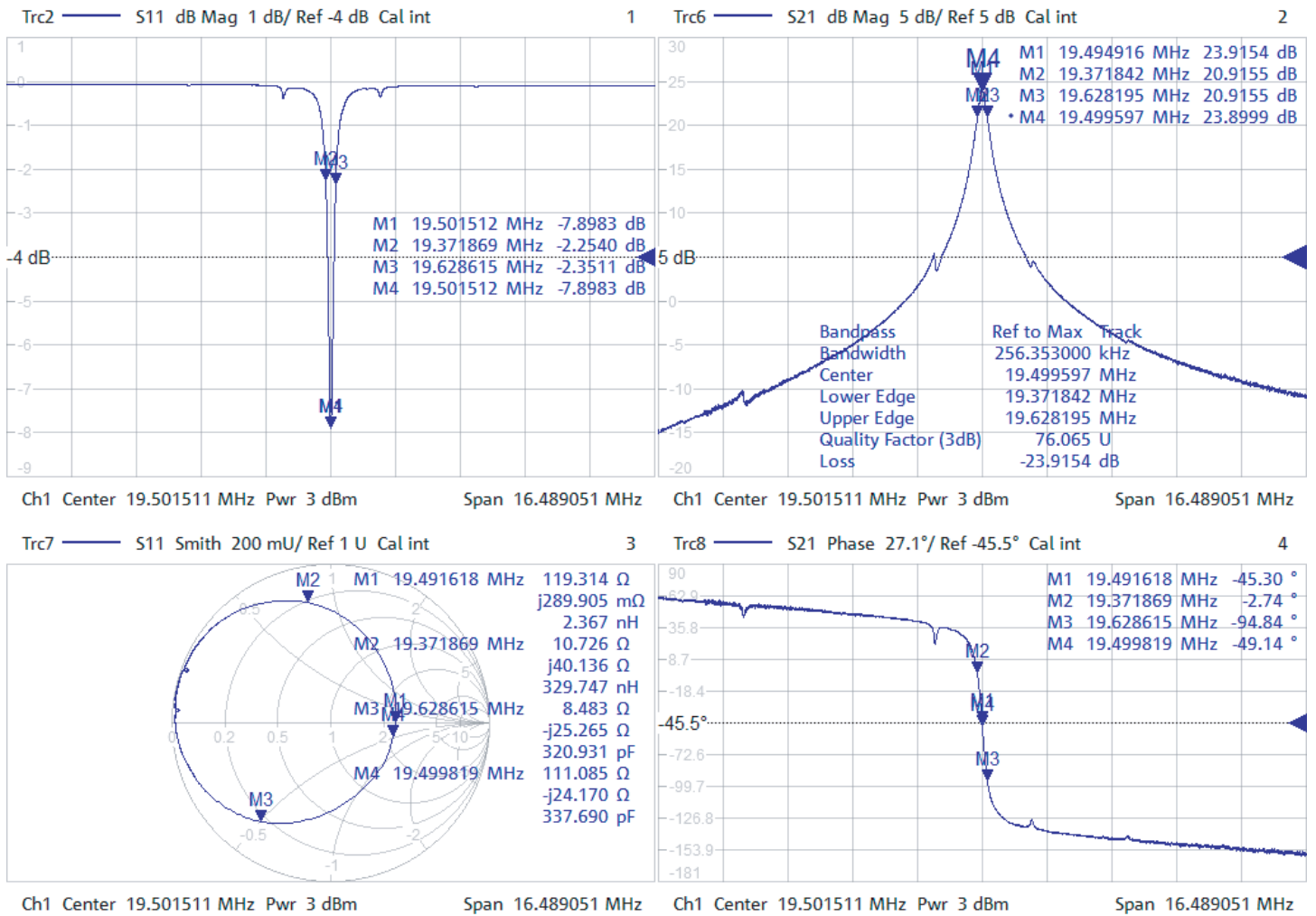
Fig. 3: RF-signal amplitude vs. modulation depth



Resonance characteristics



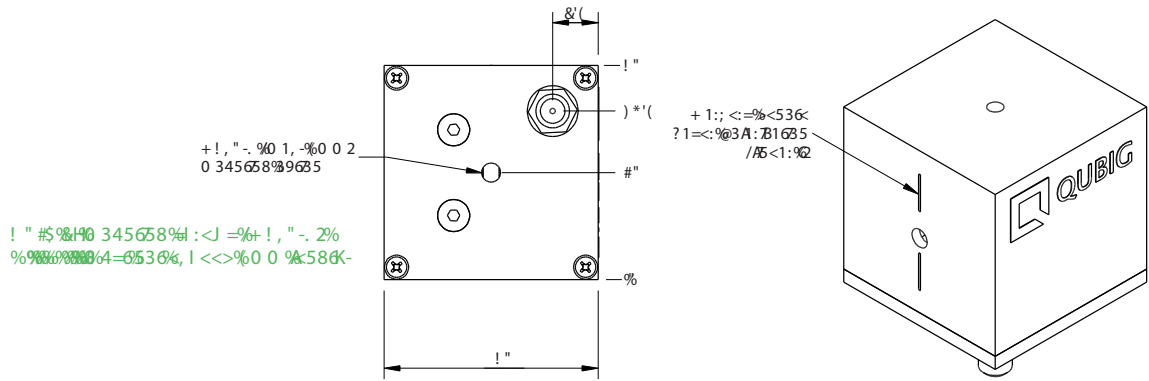
11/8/2016 4:18:17 PM
1328.5170K92-100178-XI



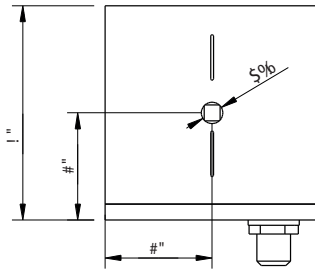
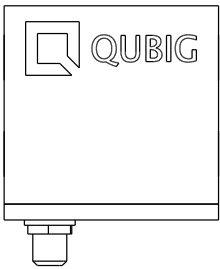
Handling instructions

- Input laser polarization must be aligned with respect to the white markers on the housing
- Please handle device carefully. Avoid shock. Don't drop.
- After turn on the resonance frequency might drift slightly with applied RF power. Please compensate by tuning the RF drive frequency until steady-state (~min).
- Slight angle adjustment can reduce unwanted residual amplitude modulation (RAM)

Package drawing



! " # \$ % & ' () * + , - . / : ; < = > ? @ A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z [\] ^ _ ` { | } ~



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